

УВАЖАЕМИ ЗРЕЛОСТНИЦИ,

28

• 20

• 8

20 (1. 20.)

(A) ~~(B)~~ (B) (Г)

(A) ~~(B)~~ (Г)

(21. 28.)

26. 28. .

ПОЖЕЛАВАМЕ ВИ УСПЕШНА РАБОТА!

Отговорите на задачите от 1. до 20. вкл. отбелязвайте в листа за отговори!

1. - ?

-) $\frac{1}{2}^{-2}$) $\frac{4}{3}^3$) $\frac{3}{2}^{-3}$) $\frac{3}{4}^3$

2. $\sqrt{17^2 - 8^2} - \sqrt{(-2)^6} - -\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}^2$:

-) 25) 21) 9) 5

3. $x \neq y$ $y \neq 0$, $\frac{x}{y^2 - xy} + \frac{1}{x - y}$:

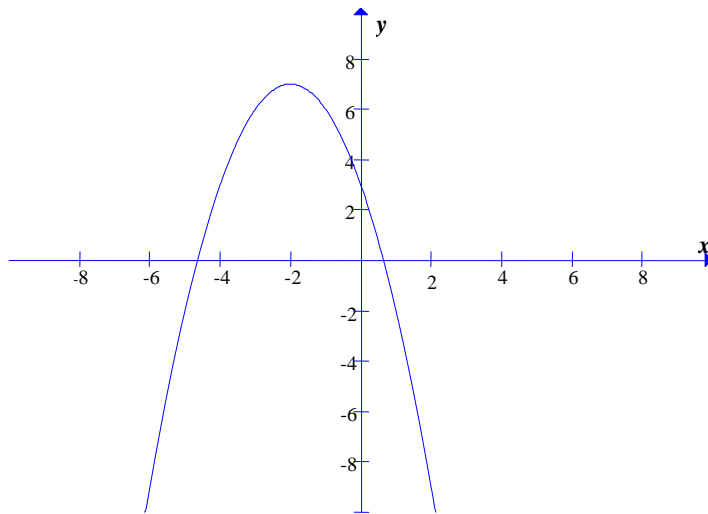
-) $\frac{x+y}{y(x-y)}$) $\frac{x+1}{y(x-y)}$) $-\frac{1}{y}$) $\frac{1}{y}$

4. ? -

-) $x^2 + 7x + 5 = 0$) $-x^2 + 2x + 3 = 0$) $x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$) $-2x^2 + 4x - 3 = 0$

5. ?

-) $y = -x^2 - 4x + 3$
) $y = -x^2 - 4x - 3$
) $y = -x^2 + 4x + 3$
) $y = x^2 + 4x - 3$



6. $\frac{\sqrt[6]{-x^4 y^5}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3 y}}$:

-) $x \leq 0, y \leq 0$) $x < 0, y < 0$) $x \leq 0, y \geq 0$) $x > 0, y > 0$

7. $6^{1 + \log_6 20}$:

-) 6) 20) 120) 26

8. $2x^2 - 3x + 1 > 0$:

-) $x \in (-\infty; 0,5) \cup (1; +\infty)$
-) $x \in (-\infty; 1) \cup (2; +\infty)$
-) $x \in (-\infty; -1) \cup -\frac{1}{2}; +\infty$
-) $x \in \frac{1}{2}; 1$

9. $f(x) = x^4 - 1$ $g(x) = \cos^3 x + 1$:

-) $f(x)$, $g(x)$ -
-) $f(x)$ $g(x)$,
-) $f(x)$ $g(x)$
-) $f(x)$ $g(x)$

10. $\cos 58^\circ \cos 28^\circ + \cos 32^\circ \cos 62^\circ$:

-) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
-) 1
-) $\frac{1}{2}$
-) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

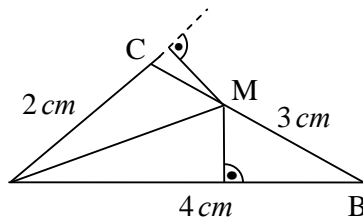
11. a_1, a_2, \dots, a_9 , $a_5 = 4$. S_9 9

-) 72
-) 36
-) 18
-) 9

12. 3, 1, 12, 19, 4, 6, 23, 4 a , b -
 c - ?

-) $a < b < c$
-) $b < a < c$
-) $a < c < b$
-) $b < c < a$

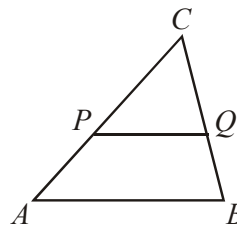
13. AB, BC AC ΔABC
 $4 \text{ cm}, 3 \text{ cm}$ 2 cm . M
 BC AB AC ,
 CM :



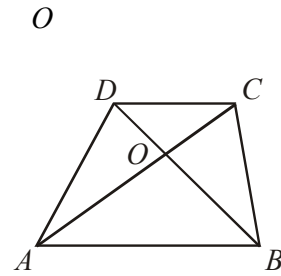
-) 0,5 cm
-) 1 cm
-) 1,5 cm
-) 2 cm

14. $AP:PC = 2:3$ $CQ:CB = 3:5$

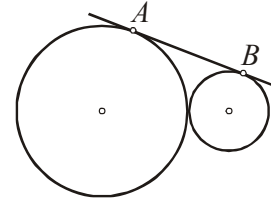
-) $S_{PQC} : S_{ABC} = 3:5$
-) $S_{PQC} : S_{ABQP} = 3:5$
-) $S_{PQC} : S_{ABQP} = 9:16$
-) $PQ \parallel AB$



15. $ABCD$ $AB=18\text{ cm}, CD=12\text{ cm}$
 $CO=9\text{ cm}, AC:$
) $13,5\text{ cm}$) 11 cm
) 12 cm) $22,5\text{ cm}$



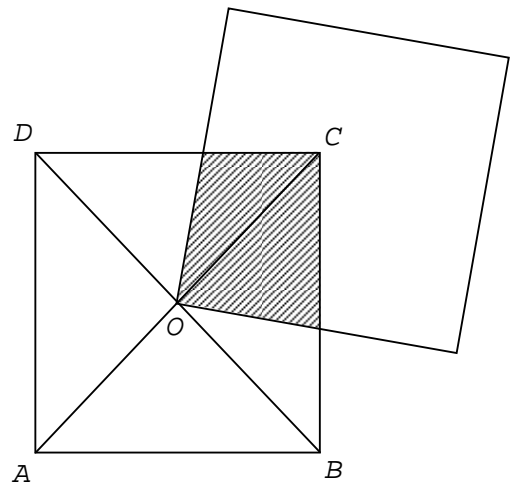
16. 6 cm 24 cm
 $AB:$
) 24 cm) $2\sqrt{153}\text{ cm}$
) 36 cm) $6\sqrt{102}\text{ cm}$



17. $\triangle ABC$ $AC=4\text{ cm}, BC=5\text{ cm}$ $\angle BAC=120^\circ$
 $AB:$
) 3 cm) $(\sqrt{13}+2)\text{ cm}$) $(\sqrt{13}-2)\text{ cm}$) $\sqrt{21}\text{ cm}$

18. $\triangle ABC$, $AB=1\text{ cm}, BC=\sqrt{3}\text{ cm}$ $\angle ACB=30^\circ$
 $\angle BAC:$
) 60°) 60° 120°
) 120°)

19. O
 a
 $ABCD:$
) $\frac{4}{5}a^2$) $\frac{3}{4}a^2$
) $\frac{2}{3}a^2$)



20. $ABCD$ $AB=8\text{ cm},$
 $CD=4,5\text{ cm}, AC=6\text{ cm}$ $AD=3\text{ cm}.$
) $19,5\text{ cm}$) 20 cm) $20,5\text{ cm}$) 41 cm

Отговорите на задачите от 21. до 25. вкл. запишете в свитъка за свободните отговори!

21. _____ ,

$$\log_{\frac{1}{3}} x + 5 \log_{\frac{1}{3}} x > 6 \log_{\frac{1}{3}} 5.$$

22. _____ x , _____ $1, x^2, 6-x^2$, _____ ,
_____ .

23. $\sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$ $\alpha \in \left(\frac{\pi}{2}; \pi\right)$, $\frac{3 + \operatorname{tg} \alpha}{3 - 2 \operatorname{tg} \alpha}$.

24. _____ 6 cm _____ ,
_____ .
_____ .

25. _____ - _____ -
_____ ? _____ .

Пълните решения с необходимите обосновки на задачите от 26. до 28. вкл. запишете в свитъка за свободните отговори!

26. $(5x - 4)(2x - 1) + 2 = 3\sqrt{10x^2 - 13x + 4}$

27. _____ 20 _____ , _____ 3 _____ .
_____ 5 _____ .
_____ ?

28. ΔABC 54 cm^2 $AP (P \in BC)$ $CQ (Q \in AB)$
_____ ΔBPQ 6 cm^2 $PQ = 6\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}$.
 ΔABC _____ .

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \quad x_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad ax^2 + bx + c = a(x - x_1)(x - x_2)$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{b}{a} \quad x_1 x_2 = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c, \quad a \neq 0 \quad \left(-\frac{b}{2a}; -\frac{D}{4a}\right)$$

.

$$\sqrt[2k]{a^{2k}} = |a| \quad \sqrt[2k+1]{a^{2k+1}} = a; \quad k \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a^m} = a^{\frac{m}{n}} \quad \sqrt[nk]{a^{mk}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m} \quad \sqrt[n]{\sqrt[k]{a}} = \sqrt[nk]{a}; \quad a > 0, n \geq 2, k \geq 2 \quad n, m, k \in \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\log_a b = x \Leftrightarrow a^x = b \quad \log_a a^x = x \quad a^{\log_a b} = b; \quad b > 0, a > 0, a \neq 1$$

$$n \quad : \quad P_n = 1.2.3 \dots (n-1)n = n!$$

$$n \quad k- \quad : \quad V_n^k = n.(n-1) \dots (n-k+1)$$

$$n \quad k- \quad : \quad C_n^k = \frac{V_n^k}{P_k} = \frac{n.(n-1) \dots (n-k+1)}{1.2.3 \dots (k-1)k}$$

$$P(A) = \frac{\text{брой на благоприятните случаи}}{\text{брой на възможните случаи}} \quad 0 \leq P(A) \leq 1$$

$$: \quad a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d \quad S_n = \frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \cdot n = \frac{2a_1 + (n-1)d}{2} \cdot n$$

$$: \quad a_n = a_1 \cdot q^{n-1} \quad S_n = \frac{a_n q - a_1}{q-1} = a_1 \cdot \frac{q^n - 1}{q-1}$$

$$: \quad K_n = K \cdot q^n = K \cdot 1 + \frac{P}{100}^n$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& : c^2 = a^2 + b^2 \quad S = \frac{1}{2}ab = \frac{1}{2}ch_c \quad a^2 = a_1c \quad b^2 = b_1c \\
h_c^2 = a_1b_1 \quad r = \frac{a+b-c}{2} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{a}{c} \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{b}{c} \quad \operatorname{tg} \alpha = \frac{a}{b} \quad \operatorname{cotg} \alpha = \frac{b}{a} \\
& : a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \alpha \quad b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos \beta \\
c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma \quad \frac{a}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{b}{\sin \beta} = \frac{c}{\sin \gamma} = 2R \\
& : m_a^2 = \frac{1}{4}(2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2) \quad m_b^2 = \frac{1}{4}(2a^2 + 2c^2 - b^2) \\
m_c^2 = \frac{1}{4}(2a^2 + 2b^2 - c^2) \\
& : \frac{a}{b} = \frac{n}{m} \quad l_c^2 = ab - nm
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& : S = \frac{1}{2}ch_c \quad S = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin \gamma \quad S = \sqrt{p(p-a)(p-b)(p-c)} \\
& S = pr \quad S = \frac{abc}{4R} \\
& : S = ah_a \quad S = ab \sin \alpha \\
& : S = \frac{1}{2}d_1d_2 \sin \varphi \\
& : S = pr
\end{aligned}$$

α^0	0^0	30^0	45^0	60^0	90^0
α rad	0	$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
$\sin \alpha$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
$\cos \alpha$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
$\operatorname{tg} \alpha$	0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	–
$\operatorname{cotg} \alpha$	–	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0

	$-\alpha$	$90^\circ - \alpha$	$90^\circ + \alpha$	$180^\circ - \alpha$
sin	$-\sin \alpha$	$\cos \alpha$	$\cos \alpha$	$\sin \alpha$
cos	$\cos \alpha$	$\sin \alpha$	$-\sin \alpha$	$-\cos \alpha$
tg	$-\text{tg} \alpha$	$\text{cotg} \alpha$	$-\text{cotg} \alpha$	$-\text{tg} \alpha$
cotg	$-\text{cotg} \alpha$	$\text{tg} \alpha$	$-\text{tg} \alpha$	$-\text{cotg} \alpha$

$$\sin(\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\text{tg}(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\text{tg} \alpha \pm \text{tg} \beta}{1 \mp \text{tg} \alpha \text{tg} \beta}$$

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$\text{tg} 2\alpha = \frac{2 \text{tg} \alpha}{1 - \text{tg}^2 \alpha} \quad \text{cotg} 2\alpha = \frac{\text{cotg}^2 \alpha - 1}{2 \text{cotg} \alpha}$$

$$\cos(\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\text{cotg}(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\text{cotg} \alpha \text{cotg} \beta \mp 1}{\text{cotg} \beta \pm \text{cotg} \alpha}$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1 = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2\alpha) \quad \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\alpha)$$

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2}(\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta))$$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}(\cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos(\alpha + \beta))$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}(\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta))$$

